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SOLID STATE CHEMISTRY OF A4B3-MOLECULES

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Abstract The system $P_4S_3-P_4S_3-As_4S_3-As_4S_3$ was investigated by thermal and X-ray methods. Five regions of solid solubility with different crystal structures were found. All transform at higher temperatures into the plastically-crystalline state with β - P_4S_3 -structure. The substituted species $P_{4-n}As_nS_mSe_{3-m}$ (n = 0-4,

The substituted species P_{4-n} As S_{4-n} (n = 0-4, m = 0-3) are formed in molten mixtures of $A_{4}B_{3}$ -molecules (FIGURE 1). They were identified by HPLC and mass-spectrometric measurements.

After long equilibration times P_4Se_3 , As_4S_3 and As_4Se_3 decompose peritectoidally into the resp. A_4B_4 -species and an amorphous product.

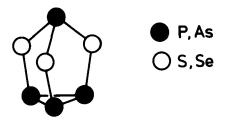


FIGURE 1 Structure of A4B3-molecules.

THERMAL BEHAVIOUR

At higher temperatures the molecules P_4S_3 , P_4Se_3 , As_4S_3 , and with rapid heating rates As_4Se_3 , transform into a plastically-crystalline modification. Its structure is related to the B-Mn structure. The lattice constants of the

high-temperature phases were determined to a = 1622.3(9), c = 370 K, $P_A Se_3$; a = 1660(1), c = 87.86(15) pm, 89.47(7) pm, As_4S_3 . $B-P_4S_3$ and $B-P_4Se_3$ transform 450 the plastically-crystalline state into a simple cubic structure. In high-temperature X-ray photographs a solid state reac-As₄Se₃ P_4Se_3 , As_4S_3 and of $\mathrm{As_4S_4}$ resp. $\mathrm{As_4Se_4}$, and unidentified amorphous products was observed. The reaction rate increases in the order: $P_4Se_3 < As_4S_3 < As_4Se_3$. This peritectoid reaction determines the thermal behaviour of AAB3 compounds. At equilibrium conditions all, but $P_{\Delta}S_{3}$, decompose peritectoidally. Congruent melting, preceded by the transformation into the plastically-crystalline state, is observed only with fast heating rates. In the melt, however, the A_4B_3 molecules seem to be the stable species again.

Though most A_4B_3 molecules are metastable, we could obtain a "phase diagram" of the system $P_4S_3-P_4Se_3-As_4Se_3-As_4S_3$. Five regions of solid solubility with different crystal structures were found (FIG. 2).

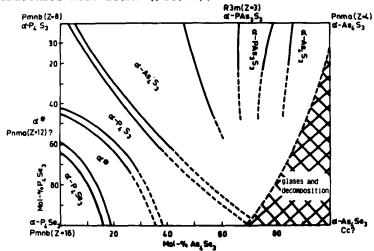


FIGURE 2 Phase regions in the system $P_4S_3-P_4Se_3-As_4Se_3-As_4S_3$ (annealed at 400 K).

The homogeneity range of the different phases depends strongly on the annealing temperatures. All transform at higher temperatures into a plastically-crystalline modification with $\text{B-P}_{A}\text{S}_{3}$ structure.

Solid solutions in the system $P_4S_3-P_4Se_3$ were obtained either by annealing P_4S_3 and P_4Se_3 in the plastically-crystalline phase or by melting the both components. In the first case the solid solution consists of P_4S_3 and P_4Se_3 , in the second case P_4S_2Se and P_4SSe_2 appear additionally. The properties of these mixed crystals of the same stoichiometry, but of different molecular composition, are very similar. Except for the thermodynamic data of the α - β transformation, no deviations of properties were observed.

HPLC-INVESTIGATIONS

Molecules of the type $P_n As_{4-n} S_m Se_{3-m}$ can be prepared by melting mixtures of the $A_4 B_3$ components. The existence of these molecules was verified by $^{31}P-NMR$ and mass-spectrometric measurements. The separation of the species was achieved by the HPLC method.

The concentration distribution of the different species in P_4Se_3 -As $_4Se_3$, P_4S_3 -P $_4Se_3$ and P_4S_3 -As $_4S_3$ was determined and is given in FIG. 3 for the first system. The distribution in the other systems was published elsewhere 2 .

In the first systems the distribution is statistical, whereas the PAs_3S_3 is preferred in the system $P_4S_3-As_4S_3$.

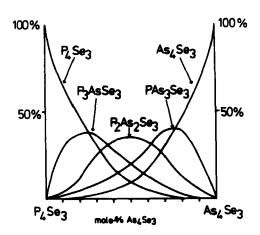


FIGURE 3 Concentration distribution in P_4Se_3 - As_4Se_3 .

NEW PHOSPHORUS CAGE MOLECULES

The preparation in the molten state, yielded further new molecules. The reaction of P_4S_3 with Sb_2S_3 leads to an antimony substituted A_4B_3 , i.e. P_3SbS_3 . P_4S_3 reacts with tellurium to P_4S_2 Te.

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